

ASSEMBLY 1st session Agenda item 19 SUPPFUND/A.1/18 11 February 2005 Original: ENGLISH

## SUBMISSION OF OIL REPORTS

#### Note by the Director of the International Oil Pollution Compensation Funds 1971 and 1992

Summary:	States which are Members of the Supplementary Fund, and therefore also
	Members of the 1992 Fund, will be obliged to submit reports on contributing
	oil received during a given calendar year. Modifications to the existing 1992
	Fund oil reporting form and explanatory notes are proposed to permit their use
	for both the 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund and to make them more
	user-friendly.
Action to be taken:	Consider proposed modifications to the existing 1992 Fund oil reporting form
	and explanatory notes.

## 1 The issue

1.1 The levying of contributions to the Supplementary Fund will be based on oil reports in respect of individual contributors in Supplementary Fund Member States. Article 13 of the Supplementary Fund Protocol provides:

Contracting States shall communicate to the Director of the Supplementary Fund information on oil receipts in accordance with article 15 of the 1992 Fund Convention provided, however, that communications made to the Director of the 1992 Fund under article 15, paragraph 2, of the 1992 Fund Convention shall be deemed to have been made also under this Protocol.

- 1.2 According to 1992 Fund Internal Regulations 4.1 and 4.2, reports on contributing oil receipts shall be made using the form annexed to the Internal Regulations, taking into account the explanatory notes attached to the form. The present form is reproduced at Annex I.
- 1.3 States which become Members of the Supplementary Fund must already be Members of the 1992 Fund and so will be obliged to submit reports on contributing oil to the 1992 Fund.
- 1.4 For States in which contributing oil is only received directly by sea, and not by other means of transport such as by pipeline or road, the reports to the Supplementary Fund would be identical to those to the 1992 Fund. It is expected that the great majority of States which join the Supplementary Fund will fall into this category.
- 1.5 However, States in which contributing oil is received by other means of transport, such as by pipeline or road, which has previously been received in another State by sea may need to make separate reports to the 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund depending on whether or not the

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latter State is also a Member of the Supplementary Fund and, if so, the date on which it joined that Fund.

- At its May 2004 session the 1992 Fund Assembly agreed with the Director that in respect of the 1.6 great majority of States which would become Members of the Supplementary Fund, that Fund could simply accept oil reports made under the 1992 Fund Convention pursuant to Article 13 of the Supplementary Fund Protocol. However, it was noted that States in which contributing oil is received by other means of transport than by sea, such as by pipeline or road, which had previously been received in another State by sea may need to make separate reports to the 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund depending on whether or not the latter State was also a Member of the Supplementary Fund and, if so, the date on which it joined that Fund. The Assembly also agreed that it would, therefore, be necessary for the Supplementary Fund to issue its own reporting form for use in those cases where the quantities of oil subject to the levy of contributions for 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund were not identical. The 1992 Fund Assembly further agreed that it would be necessary to make modifications to the 1992 Fund reporting form so that States could indicate whether a report to the 1992 Fund should be considered as a report to the Supplementary Fund also (document 92FUND/A/ES.8/4, paragraph 3.5.2).
- 1.7 On further consideration, the Director is of the view that the existing 1992 Fund reporting form and explanatory notes could be modified in such a way as to permit their use for both the 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund. He has also considered the need to make the form and notes more user-friendly. The Director's proposals as regards a revised form and revised notes are set out at Annex II.
- 1.8 Article 14 of the Supplementary Fund Protocol deals with the case where the aggregate quantity of contributing oil received in a Member State in a given calendar year is less than 1 million tonnes. In such a case, that Member State shall assume the obligations that would be incumbent on any person who would be liable to contribute to the Supplementary Fund in respect of oil received in that State in so far as no liable person exists for the aggregate quantity of oil received. That means that the Member State would be liable to pay contributions for a quantity of contributing oil corresponding to the difference between 1 million tonnes and the aggregate quantity of actual contributing oil receipts reported in respect of that State. The Director is of the view that such a State should not be required to submit a report in respect of any contributing oil which has been deemed to have been received in that State but that he should write to any such State requesting it to identify the government ministry or authority which would be responsible for the payment of such contributions. In the letter the Director should indicate the quantity of contributing oil for which the State is obliged to pay contributions.

#### 2 Action to be taken by the Assembly

The Assembly is invited:

- (a) to take note of the information contained in this document; and
- (b) to consider the proposed modifications to the existing 1992 Fund oil reporting form and explanatory notes.

\* \* \*

#### ANNEX I

# REPORT ON CONTRIBUTING OIL RECEIPTS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE INTERNATIONAL OIL POLLUTION COMPENSATION FUND 1992

made pursuant to Article 15.1 of the
1992 International Convention on the Establishment of an
International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage
(1992 Fund Convention)

This report should be submitted to the Director of the International Oil Pollution Compensation Fund 1992 (1992 Fund), Portland House, Stag Place, London SW1E 5PN, United Kingdom, to reach him not later than 30 April of the year following that to which the figures refer.

#### **Signature of Report**

The form should be completed and signed by an officer of the company or other person being reported upon. If the form is completed by the Government or a Government authority, it should, nevertheless, be signed by an officer of the company or person as certification that the figures are correct.

If a Member State has declared, under Article 14 of the 1992 Fund Convention, that it assumes itself obligations that are incumbent on any person who is liable to pay contributions in respect of oil received in the territory of that State, signature of an officer of the company or person in question is not obligatory.

The form should also be signed by a responsible official of the Government or competent Government authority to indicate that the Government or authority is satisfied that the information contained therein is correct and complete.

#### NOTES

#### **Persons Liable to Report**

- 1 A report should be submitted in respect of each "person" for whom the total quantity of contributing oil received during the relevant calendar year exceeds 150 000 metric tonnes.
- However, a report should also be submitted in respect of any "person" who received contributing oil in a quantity not exceeding 150 000 tonnes in the relevant calendar year, if the quantity of contributing oil received by that person in that calendar year, when aggregated with quantities received **in the same reporting State** in that same calendar year by a person or persons "associated" with that person, exceeds 150 000 tonnes.
- 3 "Person" means any individual or partnership, or any public or private body, whether corporate or not, including a State or any of its constituent sub-divisions.
- 4 "Associated person" means any subsidiary or commonly controlled entity. The question whether a "person" comes within this definition shall be determined by the national law of the State concerned.

#### Address

5 Give the full postal address to which invoices based on this report should be sent.

#### Receipts to be Reported

- 6 "Contributing oil" means crude oil and fuel oil as defined under(a) and (b) below:
  - (a) "Crude oil" means any liquid hydrocarbon mixture occurring naturally in the earth whether or not treated to render it suitable for transportation. It also includes crude oils from which certain distillate fractions have been removed (sometimes referred to as "topped crudes") or to which certain distillate fractions have been added (sometimes referred to as "spiked"or "reconstituted" crudes).
  - (b) "Fuel oil" means heavy distillates or residues from crude oil or blends of such materials intended for use as a fuel for the production of heat or power of a quality equivalent to the "American Society for Testing and Materials' Specification for Number Four Fuel Oil (Designation D396-69)", or heavier.

A list of contributing oil and non-contributing oil is reproduced on the reverse of the form.

- 7 "Contributing oil received" includes all contributing oil received during the relevant calendar year:
  - (a) in the ports or terminal installations in the territory of the reporting State if such oil was carried by sea to such ports or terminal installations;
  - (b) in any installation situated in the territory of the reporting State if such oil has been carried by sea and discharged in a port or terminal installation of a non-Member State and has thereafter been carried to the reporting State from the non-Member State by modes of transport other than by sea (eg by pipeline, non-sea-going barge, road or mil transport) provided, however, that in such cases oil receipts shall only be taken into account on first receipt in a Member State.
- 8 Discharge into a floating tank within the territorial waters of a Member State (including its ports) constitutes a receipt of oil, irrespective of whether the tank is connected with onshore installations via pipeline or not. Ships are considered to be floating tanks in this connection only if they are "dead" ships, ie if they are not ready to sail.
- 9 Movement within the same port area shall not be considered as carriage by sea.
- Ship-to-ship transfer shall not be considered as receipt, irrespective of where this transfer takes place (ie within a port area or outside the port but within territorial waters) and whether it is done solely by using the ships' equipment or by means of a pipeline passing over land. This applies for a transfer between two sea-going vessels as well as for a transfer between a seagoing vessel and an internal waterway vessel and irrespective of whether the transfer takes place within or outside a port area. When the oil, after having been transferred in this way from a sea-going vessel to another vessel, has been carried by the latter to an onshore installation situated in the same Member State or in another Member State, the receipt in that installation shall be considered as receipt of oil carried by sea. However, in the case where the oil passes through a storage tank before being loaded to the other ship, it has to be reported as oil received at that tank in that State.
- 11 Imports should be entered under "Received from other States" and receipts from other sources under "Received otherwise".
- 12 "Received otherwise" includes movements from terminals at sea, from floating storage, from offshore oil fields by vessel or after cabotage (ie after coastal movement of crude or fuel oil within the same State).
- 13 "Member State" means a State for which the 1992 Fund Convention is in force. When completing the report, States for which the 1992 Fund Convention enters into force **after** 30 April of the year when the report is submitted shall be considered non-Member States.
- 14 The report should specify the State from which contributing oil was received and the mode of transport by which received. Only such oil which has at some stage been carried by sea should be reported.
- 15 Quantities of contributing oil should be given in metric tonnes and rounded off to the **nearest tonne**.

# REPORT ON CONTRIBUTING OIL RECEIVED IN 20......

made pursuant to Article 15.1 of the 1992 Fund Convention

STATE									
PERSON 1	-3 RECEIV	ING CO	ONTRIBUTING OIL						
ASSOCIATED PERSONS			Is the report	ing p	erson an "associated po	erson" <sup>4</sup> ?	<u> </u>	/es/No	
If yes, nam	If yes, name parent company of group								
ADDRESS	<sup>5</sup> (for invoi	icing)							
CONTACT	T PERSON	(for inv	roicing)						
Contributin	ng oil <sup>6</sup> (crud er carriage	de oil an by sea	d fuel oil as defined) rec	eived <sup>7-12</sup>	Out	antity <sup>15</sup> (metric tonnes			
Received from other States 11				Qua	antity (metric tonnes				
Received o	therwise 11,	12							
SUBTOTAL									
Contributing by modes of	ng oil <sup>6</sup> (cru of transport	de oil ar other tl	nd fuel oil as defined) rec nan carriage by sea.	ceived <sup>7-14</sup> from	n a n	on-Member State <sup>13,14</sup>			
State from which received Mode of Transport Quantity 5 (metric tonnes)									
						SUBTOTAL			
			TOTAL QUANTIT	TY OF CONT	RIB	UTING OIL RECEIV	ED		
For compl	letion by co		nt officer of company or	other body		For completion	on by reporting Govern	ment Offi	cial
Name						Ministry or Agency			
Signature					Signature				
Title						Title			
Telefax						Telefax			
Date						Date			
FUND USE	Entered	}	Associated to CTR/				2 Fund Both		FUND USE
ONLY	Checked		Parent of CTR/			File: CTR/			ONLY

#### List of Contributing Oil and Non-Contributing Oil

The following list of contributing and non-contributing oil is intended as a guide for contributors (see also note 6)

#### **Contributing Oil**

#### **Non-Contributing Oil**

Crude Oils

Crude Oils

All naturally occurring crude oils

Condensate <1>
Topped crudes
Spiked crudes

Reconstituted crudes

Finished Products

N°4 fuel (ASTM) Navy special fuel Light fuel oil

N°5 fuel (ASTM) - light

Medium fuel oil

N°5 fuel (ASTM) - heavy

Bunker C fuel oil Heavy fuel oil Marine fuel oil N°6 fuel oil (ASTM)

Blended fuel oils by viscosity

or sulphur content

Fuel oil blend stocks

Bituminous emulsions and fuel oil emulsions <2>

Natural gas liquids

Condensate <1>
Casinghead naphtha
Natural gasoline
Cohasset-panuke

Finished Products

LNG and LPG Aviation gasolines

Motor gasoline (petrol, essence)

White spirit Kerosene

Aviation kerosene

- Jet 1 A

- N°1 fuel (ASTM)

Gas oil Heating oil N°2 fuel (ASTM) Lubricating oil Marine diesel

Intermediate or Process Stocks

Intermediate or Process Stocks

Straight run naphthas Light cracked naphtha Heavy cracked naphtha

Platformate Reformate

Steam-cracked naphtha

Polymers Isomers Alkylates

Catalytic cycle oil Reformer feed Steam cracker feed Gas oil blend stocks

Catalytic cracker feedstock Visbreaker feedstock

Aromatic tar

- <1> To be considered as 'non-contributing oil' if more than 50% by volume distils at a temperature of 340°C and at least 95% by volume distils at a temperature of 370°C, when tested by the ASTM Method D 86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof.
- <2> Quantity of emulsion received should be reported with no allowance for its water content.

October 1999



INTERNATIONAL OIL POLLUTION COMPENSATION FUNDS

FONDS INTERNATIONAUX D'INDEMNISATION POUR LES DOMMAGES DUS À LA POLLUTION PAR LES HYDROCARBURES FONDOS INTERNACIONALES DE INDEMNIZACIÓN DE DAÑOS DEBIDOS A LA CONTAMINACIÓN POR HIDROCARBUROS

ANNEX II DRAFT

## REPORT ON RECEIPTS OF CONTRIBUTING OIL

#### made under

Article 15.1 of the 1992 International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage (1992 Fund Convention)

#### and/or

Article 13.1 of the 2003 Protocol to the 1992 Fund Convention (Supplementary Fund Protocol)

The 1992 Fund Convention and the Supplementary Fund Protocol require that all Member States report to the Director of the International Oil Pollution Compensation Funds (IOPC Funds) each year the name and address of any company or entity in that State which is liable to pay contributions to the 1992 Fund and/or to the Supplementary Fund, as well as the quantity of contributing oil received by each of these companies and entities in the preceding year. The Funds' Internal Regulations require that the reports should be submitted using this form and no later than 30 April each year.

Member States in which no company or entity is liable to pay contributions to the 1992 Fund and/or the Supplementary Fund should notify the Director accordingly.

Please note that a company or entity which receives contributing oil in a State which is a Member of the Supplementary Fund may need to submit separate reports in respect of the 1992 Fund and the Supplementary Fund, if that company or entity receives any contributing oil by modes of transport other than directly by sea (eg by pipeline, non-sea-going barge, road or rail) from a State which was a Member of the 1992 Fund but was not a Member of the Supplementary Fund for all or part of the relevant year.

Please ensure that the report has been signed correctly before submitting it to:

The Director
The IOPC Funds
Portland House
Stag Place
London SW1E 5PN
United Kingdom

#### **NOTES**

#### COMPANY OR ENTITY RECEIVING CONTRIBUTING OIL

A report should be submitted for each company or entity that received more than 150 000 metric tonnes of contributing oil (crude oil and heavy fuel oil as set out on page 4 of this form) in any calendar year. Company or entity includes any individual or partnership, any public or private body, whether corporate or not, and a State or any of its sub-divisions, such as provinces or agencies.

However, a report should also be submitted for any individual entity that received less than 150 000 tonnes of contributing oil in any calendar year if it forms part of a group of "associated" companies or other entities which together received more than 150 000 tonnes of contributing oil in the same State in that year. "Associated" means any subsidiary or commonly controlled entity. Whether or not an entity is associated shall be determined by the national law of the State concerned.

## RECEIPTS OF CONTRIBUTING OIL

All contributing oil received during the relevant calendar year should be reported if it was:

- A. received in the ports or terminal installations in the Member State directly after carriage by sea
  - i. having been imported from other States, or
  - ii. following coastal movement within the same State (eg from terminals at sea, from floating storage tanks, from offshore oil fields by vessel or after cabotage);

or

B. received by other modes of transport (eg by pipeline, non-sea-going barge, road or rail transport) from a non-Member State, after having been received in a port or terminal installation in that State after carriage by sea. Such oil is only liable for contributions on first receipt in a Member State.

"Received in the ports or terminal installations in the Member State" includes discharge into a floating tank within the territorial waters of the Member State (including its ports), irrespective of whether the tank is connected with onshore installations via pipeline or not. Ships are considered to be floating tanks in this connection only if they are "dead" ships, ie if they are not ready to sail.

"Received" does not include ship-to-ship transfer, irrespective of whether such a transfer

- i. takes place within a port area or outside the port but within territorial waters, or
- ii. is done solely by using the ships' equipment or by means of a pipeline passing over land, or
- iii. is between two sea-going vessels or from a sea-going vessel to an internal waterway vessel.

When the oil, after having been transferred in this way from a sea-going vessel to another vessel, has been carried by the latter to an onshore installation situated in the same Member State or in another Member State, the receipt in that installation shall be considered as receipt of oil carried by sea. However, in the case where the oil passes through a storage tank before being loaded to the other ship, it has to be reported as oil received at that tank in that State.

"Carriage by sea" does not include movement within the same port area.

#### **SIGNATURES**

The form should be signed by a competent officer of the company or entity receiving contributing oil as certification that the figures are correct. Should a Member State have declared that it assumes itself the liability to pay contributions in respect of oil received in the territory of that State, such a signature is not obligatory.

The form should also be signed by a responsible official of the Government or competent Government authority to indicate that the Government or authority is satisfied that the information given is complete and that the figures are correct.

# REPORT TO THE IOPC FUNDS ON RECEIPTS OF CONTRIBUTING OIL

Before completing this form, please read the notes on page 2 and the definition of contributing oil on page 4.

STATE in which oil was received				
YEAR in which oil was received				
<b>FUND</b> to which report is being made ie to the 1992 Fund only, to the Supplementary Fund only	1992 Fund	Supp. Fund	Both Funds	
or to both Funds	only	only		

		NY OR EN				
		details exact	tly as you w	ould like then	n to appear o	on invoices
COMPANY OR I	ENTITY					
FOR THE ATTE	ENTION OF					
ADDRESS						
CONTACT PERS	SON	Name				
in case of queries		Job title				
		Telephone	no.			
		Fax no.				
		Email addr	ess			
ASSOCIATED COR ENTITIES we have received cont	hich may also					
	ie cruć	RECEIP le oil and hea		NTRIBUTING on a		is form
- D : 11			y ruer orr u	s defined on	page 1 of this	QUANTITY in metric tonnes, rounded to the nearest tonne
A. Received direc					1	
	rted from other				-	
After	coastal movemer	nt wi thin the	e same State	<b>;</b>		
B. Received by ot			y pipeline, a	after carriage	e by sea	
	a non-Member					
State	from which rec	eived	Mode of to	ransport		

SIGNATURES							
OFFICER OF COMPANY	OR ENTITY		GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL				
Signed		Signed					
Date		Date					
Name		Name					
Job title		Job title					
		Body					

TOTAL QUANTITY OF CONTRIBUTING OIL RECEIVED

FUND	File:	Associated to:	92 Fund	SF	Entered	Checked	FUND
USE	CTR/						USE
ONLY							ONLY

#### **Contributing Oil**

"Contributing oil" means crude oil and fuel oil as defined under (a) and (b) below:

- (a) "Crude oil" means any liquid hydrocarbon mixture occurring naturally in the earth whether or not treated to render it suitable for transportation. It also includes crude oils from which certain distillate fractions have been removed (sometimes referred to as "topped crudes") or to which certain distillate fractions have been added (sometimes referred to as "spiked"or "reconstituted" crudes).
- (b) "Fuel oil" means heavy distillates or residues from crude oil or blends of such materials intended for use as a fuel for the production of heat or power of a quality equivalent to the "American Society for Testing and Materials' Specification for Number Four Fuel Oil (Designation D396-69)", or heavier.

The following list of contributing and non-contributing oil is intended as a guide for contributors.

#### **Contributing Oil**

Crude Oils

All naturally occurring crude oils

Condensate <1>
Topped crudes
Spiked crudes

Reconstituted crudes

Finished Products N°4 fuel (ASTM) Navy special fuel Light fuel oil

N°5 fuel (ASTM) - light

Medium fuel oil

N°5 fuel (ASTM) - heavy

Bunker C fuel oil Heavy fuel oil Marine fuel oil N°6 fuel oil (ASTM)

Blended fuel oils by viscosity

or sulphur content

Bituminous emulsions and fuel oil emulsions <2>

Intermediate or Process Stocks

Fuel oil blend stocks

## **Non-Contributing Oil**

Crude Oils

Natural gas liquids Condensate <1> Casinghead naphtha Natural gasoline Cohasset-panuke

Finished Products LNG and LPG Aviation gasolines

Motor gasoline (petrol, essence)

White spirit Kerosene

Aviation kerosene

- Jet 1 A

- N°1 fuel (ASTM)

Gas oil Heating oil

N°2 fuel (ASTM)

Lubricating oil

Marine diesel

Intermediate or Process Stocks

Straight run naphthas Light cracked naphtha Heavy cracked naphtha

Platformate Reformate

Steam-cracked naphtha

Polymers Isomers Alkylates

Catalytic cycle oil
Reformer feed
Steam cracker feed
Gas oil blend stocks
Catalytic cracker feedstock
Visbreaker feedstock

Aromatic tar

<1> To be considered as 'non-contributing oil' if more than 50% by volume distils at a temperature of 340°C and at least 95% by volume distils at a temperature of 370°C, when tested by the ASTM Method D 86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof.

Quantity of emulsion received should be reported with no allowance for its water content.
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SUPPFUND/A.1/18, Annex II, Page 4